

## LSST: A Deep, Wide, Fast, Optical Sky Survey



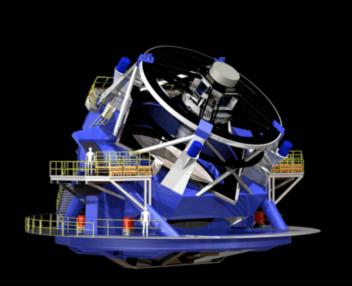
8.4m telescope

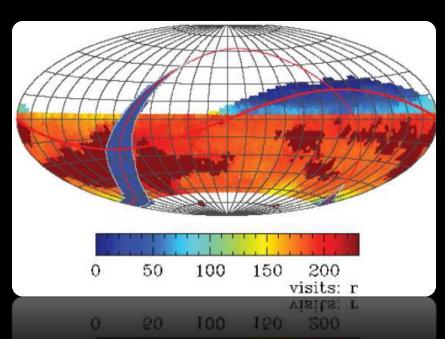
optical (ugrizy)

0.5-1% photometry (sys)

3.2Gpix camera

2 x 15sec exp / 2sec read



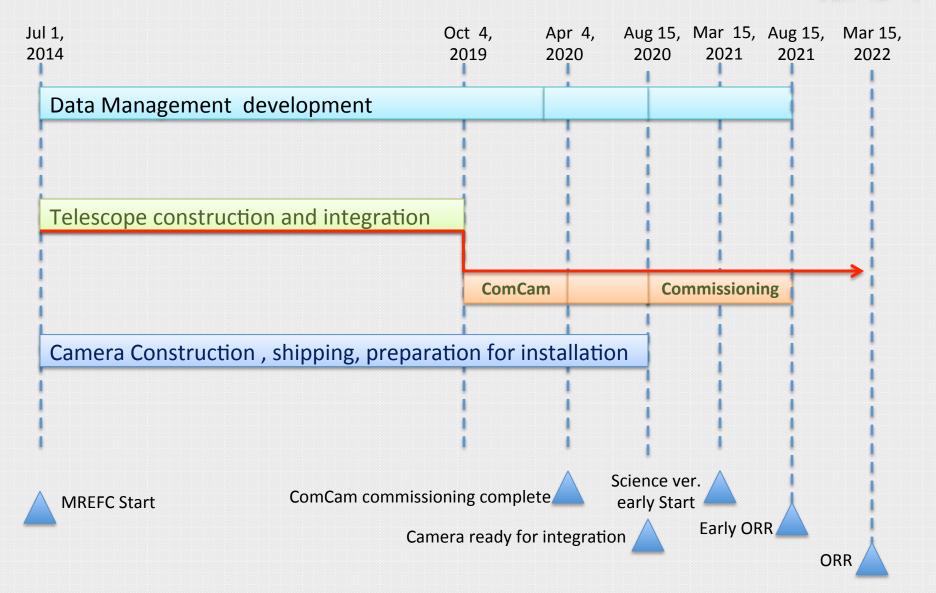


Location: Cerro Pachon, Chile

Construction Start: July 2014

## Integrated Schedule key milestones





## **Data Management Sites and Centers**

**Base Site** 

**Base Facility** 

Long-term storage (copy 1) **Data Access Center** 

## **HQ Site** HQ Facility

Observatory Management Science Operations Education and Public Outreach





## **Archive Site**

#### **Archive Center**

Alert Production
Data Release Production
Calibration Products Production
EPO Infrastructure

Long-term Storage (copy 2)

#### **Data Access Center**

**Data Access and User Services** 



### **French Site**

#### **Processing Center**

Data Release Production (proposed)



## **Summit Site**

#### **Summit Facility**

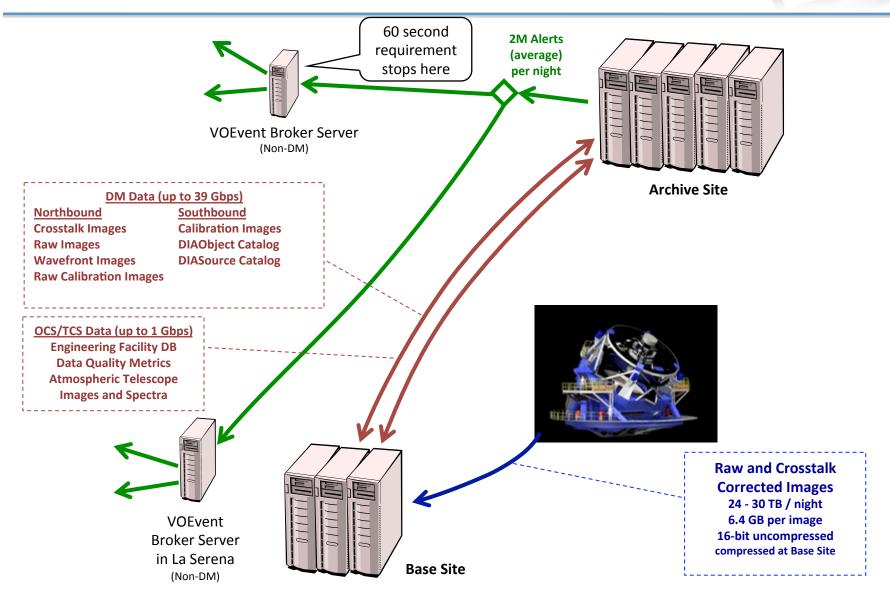
Telescope and Camera Data Acquisition Crosstalk Correction





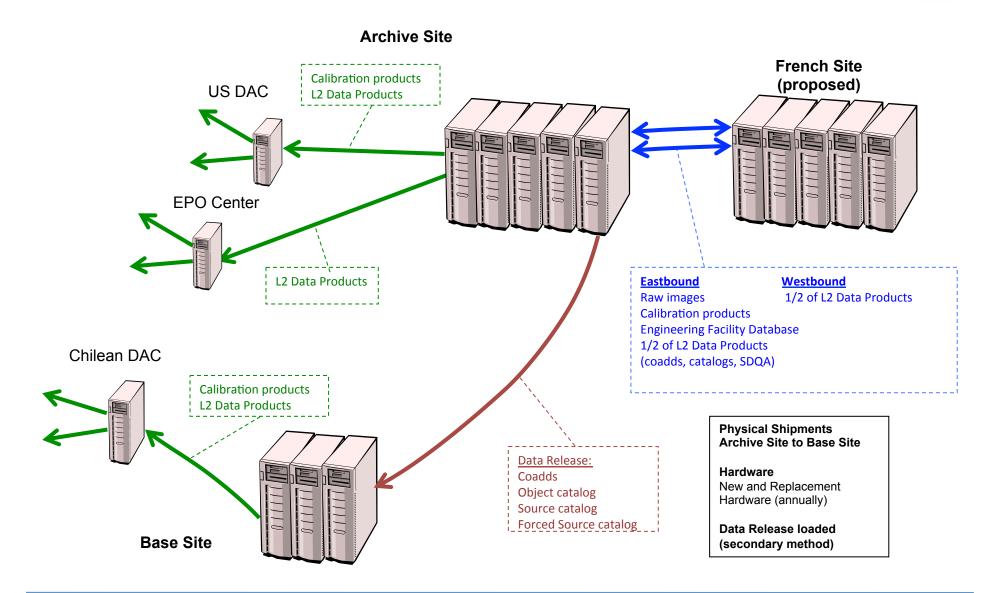
## LSST

## Nightly International Data Flows





## Non-Nightly International Data Flows

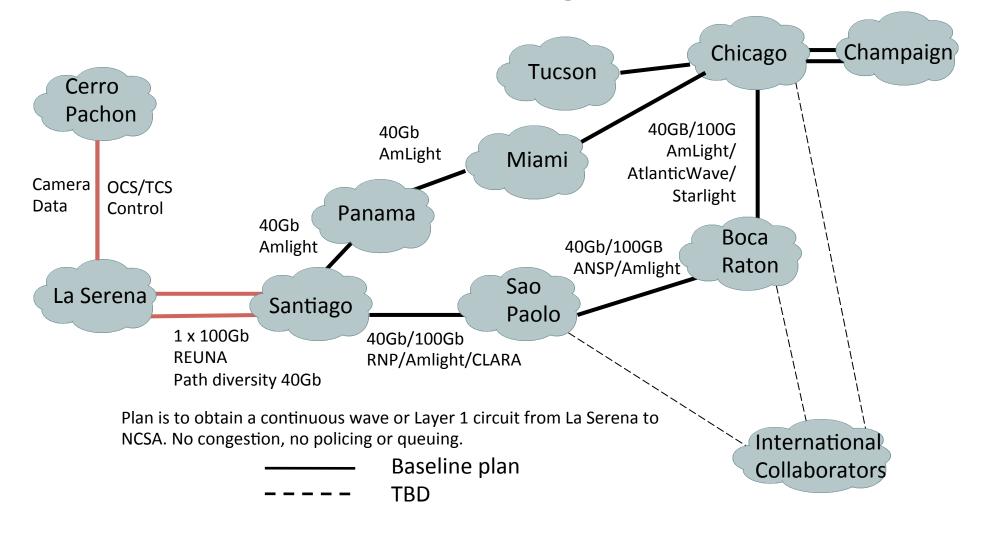




## **LSST Long Haul Network Links**

(Current Design)

2 \* 40GB/100GB NCSA/Iwire



## **BASELINE ALLOCATION OF BANDWIDTH**



#### **SUMMIT TO BASE**

#### **ALLOCATED BANDWIDTH**

Crosstalk corrected images within 1 seconds	100Gb
TCS/OCS command and control	100Gb

#### **BETWEEN BASE AND ARCHIVE**

Crosstalk in 5 seconds	40Gb
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Raw data 24 hours

Data Releases once a year	40Gb
Operational traffic	10Gb

#### CHILEAN OPORTUNISTIC TRAFFIC As available

#### Baseline Plan: Chile



- Segment 1: "Mountain-Base" (Managed by REUNA/AURA)
  - From Cerro Pachon to La Serena computing facility, 2 x 100
     Gbs (plus 100Gbps AURA shared)
  - Actually broken down into two sub-segments:
    - Summit-Gatehouse (on AURA property) = 30km
    - Gatehouse-La Serena (on public line) = 55km
- Segment 2: La Serena-Santiago (Managed by REUNA)
  - From La Serena computing facility to (TBD) connection point in Santiago with international links
  - with diverse path
  - 200Gbs best case, 100Gbs likely, 40Gbs worst case

#### Baseline Plan: International + US



- Segments 3 : International links
  - Provided by Amlight/RNP/CLARA
  - Santiago Sao Paolo Boca Raton east coast
    - Baseline: 40Gbps
    - Current goal: 100 Gbps link
  - Santiago Panama Miami west coast
    - Baseline: 40Gbps
    - Current goal: 40 Gbps link baseline
- Segment 4: US links
  - Utilizing Internet-2 and ESnet
  - at 100Gbps

## **LSST MREFC Funding Status**





- NSF signed Cooperative Agreement for LSST to proceed with Construction, effective July 1, 2014.
- LSST received its federal construction start August 1, 2014.
- NSF authorized the LSST project for construction with \$27.5M in FY14 and a budget plan that stays within a \$473M overall budget cap.
- Staff is ramping up across Data Management, tripling in size in FY15 –
   FY17
- AURA received NSF support to manage construction of LSST; the NSF press release describes LSST construction as "taking astronomy to the next level".

### LSST First Stone, 14 April 2015





So I am here, what can I say, so proud as President of Chile, from Cerro Pachón, in the district of Vicuña, working for the next decade of world science. With this foundation stone, today we are setting in motion the history of astronomy, the future history of astronomy.

President Michelle Bachelet



## **REUNA Background**

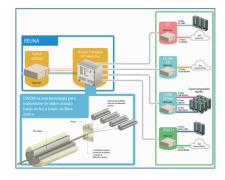
## Constructing e-infrastructure in synergy

REUNAstm-1 backbone: Long-term capacity over a TELCO SDH transport network. Most advanced R&E network in LA, middle of the 90's



#### **EVALSO**

Highlights: 1st deployment in the desert area of buried optical fiber. 1st acquisition of a long term wavelength for the national backbone.



#### **NLHPC**

Highlights: 1st DWDM photonic metropolitan network, deployed in Santiago. 32x32 lambdas capability.

#### **ALMA**

 Highlights: 150Kms of fiber in the desert are, between the AOS and Calama. A wavelength from Calama to Antofagasta (REUNA node). Future redundancy path from AOS to Santiago by Argentina.



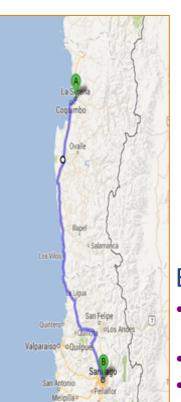
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# LSST

## Path inside Chile (brief)

## LSST to La Serena (LS)

- 80 Km total
  - 50 Km along the public route "ruta 41"
  - 30Kms along the AURA private land



#### La Serena to Santiago

- 500 Km
- Along the main country road "ruta 5"
- Telcos lay down its fiber algong "ruta 5"

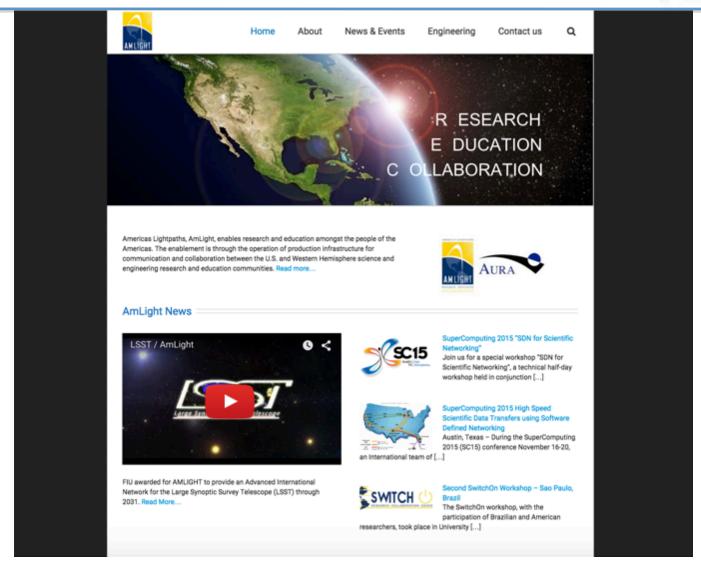
## **Border crossing Aguas Negras**

- Is on the extension of the path from La Serena to the observatory
- Possibilities of synergy
- Redundancy path by Argentina







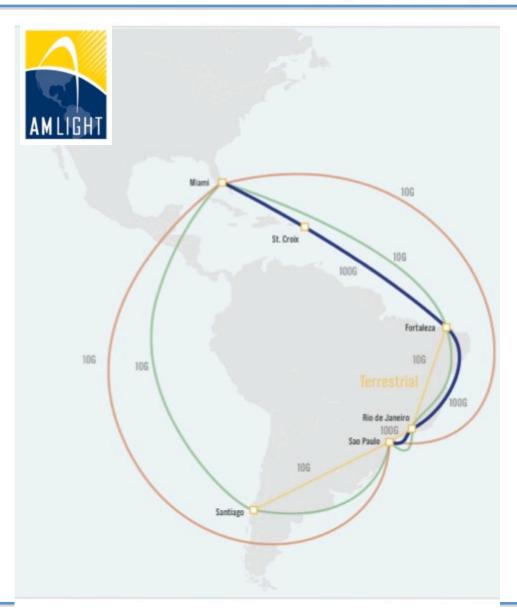


AmLight website: <a href="http://amlight.net/">http://amlight.net/</a>

## **AmLight Topology**



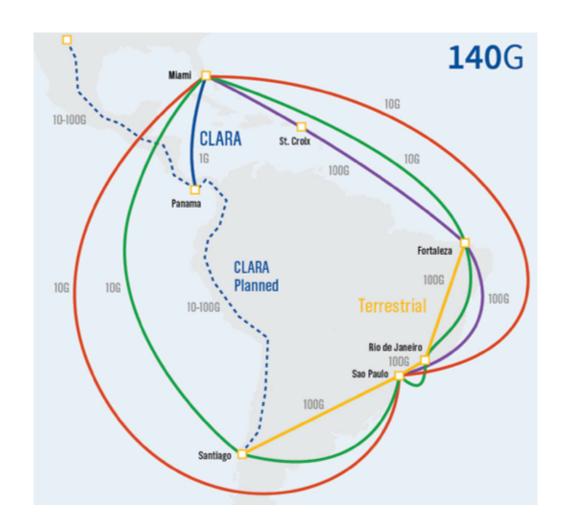
- 4 100G segments (future):
  - St. Croix (STX)-Fortaleza4,200km
  - Fortaleza-Rio, 3,500km
  - Rio-Santos, 400km
  - Miami-STX, 2,400km
- ANSP: 2x 10G links
   S Paulo Miami
  - (W) via Santiago (LAN)
  - (E) direct (Telefonica)
- RNP: 2x 10G links
   S Paulo Miami
  - (W) direct (Telefonica)
  - (E) via Rio de Janeiro &Fortaleza (LAN)(+ redundant terrestrial links)



## AmLight SDN and OpenWave



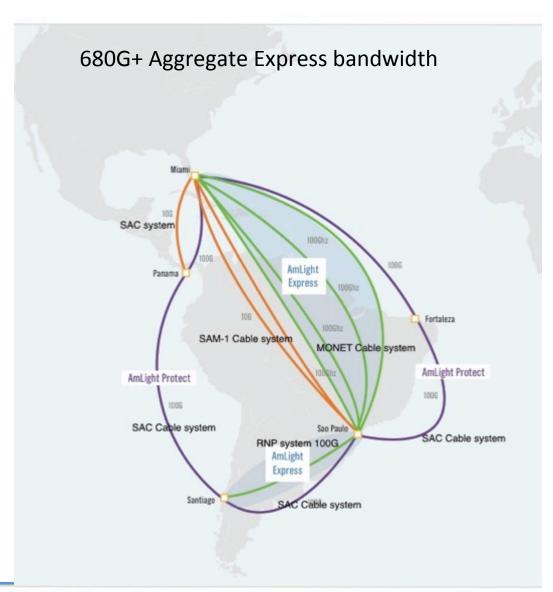
- 4 x 10G links and two topologies
  - SDN ring: Miami-São Paulo-Chile-Miami
    - 20 Gbps of total capacity
    - Full OpenFlow and network virtualization support
  - MPLS ring: Miami-São Paulo-Miami
    - 20 Gbps of total capacity
    - Layer 2 support
- OpenWave 100 Gbps between São Paulo and Miami
  - Part of the SDN domain
  - Focused on experimentation
- 140 Gbps aggregate capacity expected by June
- 100G to AL2S from Miami





## AmLight Express and Protect (ExP) - 2018

- AmLight Express (green):
  - 400GHz of spectrum: Miami-São Paulo
  - Spectrum to be configurable by RENs to meet user/application requirements
  - DWDM São Paulo-Santiago
- AmLight Protect (purple, organge):
  - 100G leased capacity ring
  - 10G segments
  - Miami, São Paulo, Santiago, Panama City, Miami
  - AMPATH, Southern Light, REUNA, and RedCLARA operated
- Multiple submarine cables for protection and high availability
- Potential for unprecedented regional resilience for U.S.-Latin America, and U.S.-Europe connectivity, supporting global science research



## Thank You & Acknowledgements



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   Meeting April 2015
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